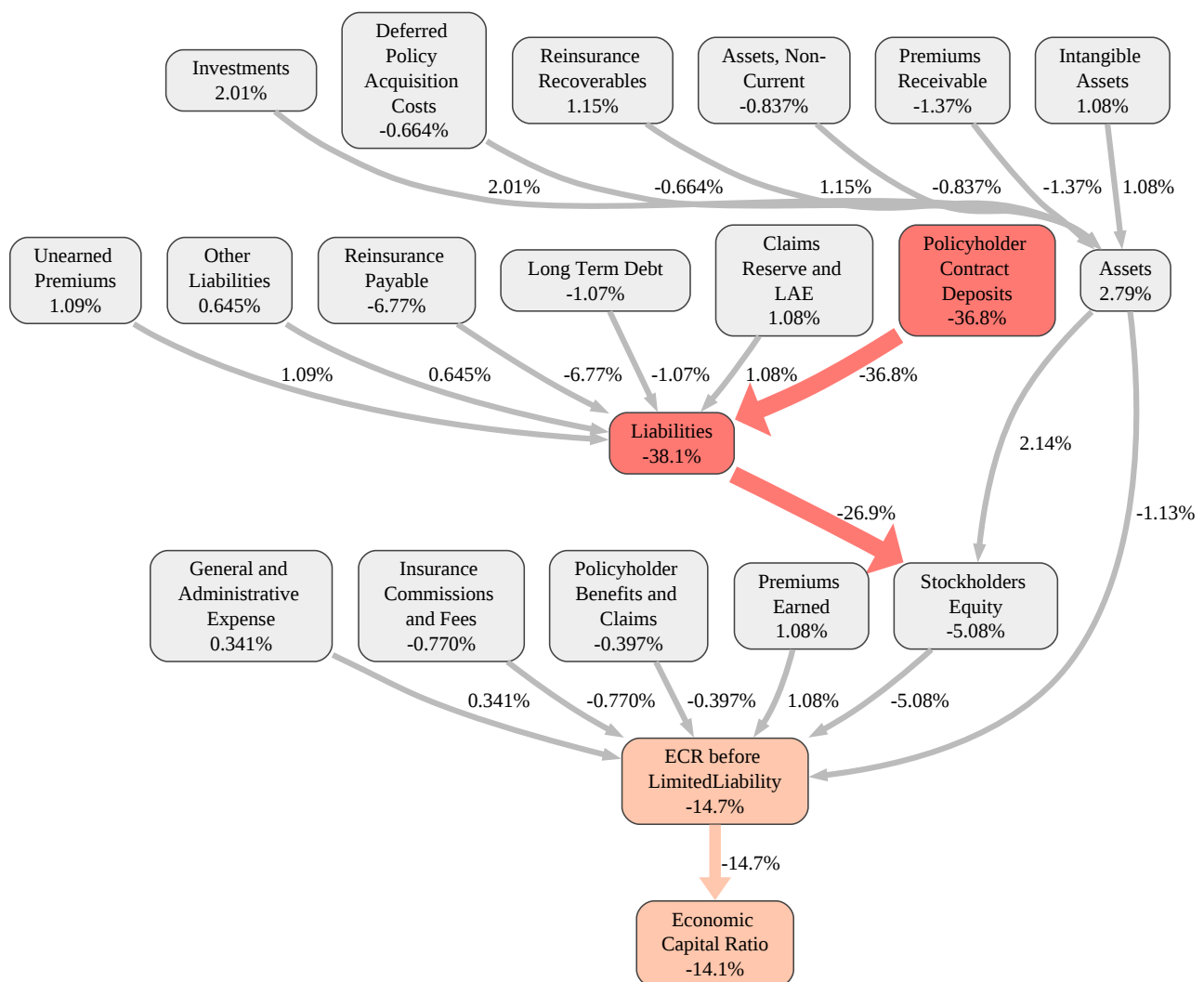




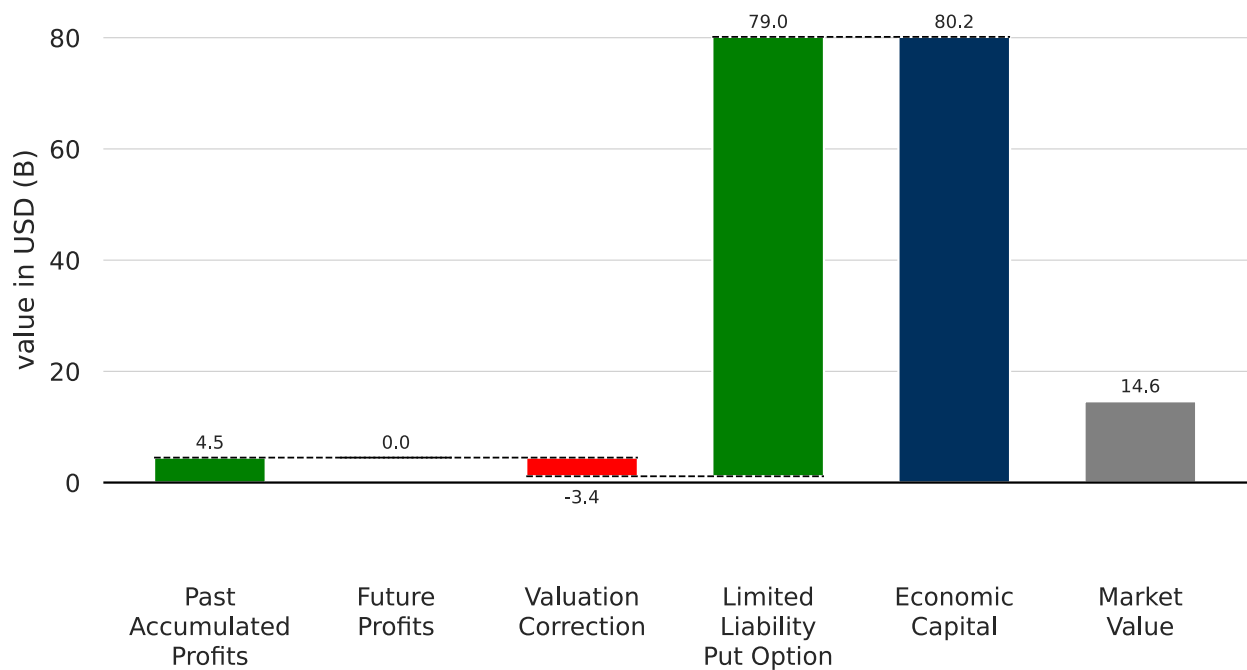
The relative strengths and weaknesses of Fidelity National Financial Inc are analyzed with respect to the market average, including all of its competitors. We analyzed all variables having an effect on the Economic Capital Ratio.

The greatest strength of Fidelity National Financial Inc compared to the market average is the variable Assets, increasing the Economic Capital Ratio by 2.8% points. The greatest weakness of Fidelity National Financial Inc is the variable Liabilities, reducing the Economic Capital Ratio by 38% points.

The company's Economic Capital Ratio, given in the ranking table, is 77%, being 14% points below the market average of 91%.

Input Variable	Value in 1000 USD	Output Variable	Value in 1000 USD
Assets, Current	2,636,000	Assets	109,014,000
Assets, Non-Current	189,000	Liabilities	100,042,000
Claims Reserve and LAE	10,755,000	Expenses	13,801,000
Deferred Acquisition Costs Amortization	0	Revenues	14,445,000
Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs	0	Stockholders Equity	8,972,000
General and Administrative Expense	7,570,000	Net Income	679,000
Insurance Commissions and Fees	5,444,000	Comprehensive Net Income	827,500
Intangible Assets	5,272,000	BaseVar	449,672,928
Investment Income	3,237,000	ECR before Limited Liability	1.1%
Investments	73,195,000	Economic Capital Ratio	77%
Liabilities Current	0		
Long Term Debt	4,400,000		
Other Assets	10,171,000		
Other Compr. Net Income	297,000		
Other Expenses	5,969,000		
Other Liabilities	7,970,000		
Other Net Income	35,000		
Other Revenues	5,764,000		
Policyholder Benefits and Claims	262,000		
Policyholder Contract Deposits	62,726,000		
Premiums Earned	0		
Premiums Receivable	0		
Reinsurance Payable	14,191,000		
Reinsurance Recoverables	17,551,000		
Revenues Y+1	0		
Revenues Y+2	0		
Revenues Y+3	0		
Revenues Y+4	0		
Revenues Y+5	0		
Separate Account Asset	0		
Unearned Premiums	0		

Company Valuation: Fidelity National Financial Inc



The RealRate Economic Capital of a company is its Past Accumulated Profits plus its Future Profits plus its Valuation Correction plus its Limited Liability Put Option. Past Accumulated Profits and Future Profits can be negative. The Limited Liability Put Option accounts for the limited liability of the shareholders, so the Economic Capital never falls below zero. Where the company is listed, its market value is shown next to it.